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SECONDARY SCHOOL CERTIFICATE EXAMINATION, 2015
SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-II

Social Science

Time : 3 Hours

Class-X

Maximum Marks : 90

General Instructions :

- (a) There are 30 questions in all.
- (b) All questions are compulsory. Marks for each question are indicated against the questions.
- (c) Questions from serial number 1 to 9 are Multiple Choice Questions. Each question carries 1 mark.
- (d) Questions from serial number 10 to 21 are 3 marks questions. Answers of these questions may be given in 60-80 words each.
- (e) Questions from serial number 22 to 29 are 5 marks questions. Answers of these questions may be given in 100-120 words each.
- (f) Question number 30 is a map question of 5 marks (2 marks from History and 3 marks from Geography).
- (g) Attach the filled map inside your answer book. If there occur any difference in translated version, the English version will be taken as corrected one.

1. What was Zollverein ? (1)
- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| (a) A Custom Union | (b) A Labour Union |
| (c) A Political Union | (d) A Social Union |

OR

Which of the Wars was called the First Television War ?

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| (a) Vietnamese War | (b) World War I |
| (c) World War II | (d) None of these |
2. Who was the President of Congress Session in 1929 at Lahore ? (1)
- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Motilal Nehru | (b) Subhash Chandra Bose |
| (c) Rajendra Prasad | (d) Jawahar Lal Nehru |

P.T.O.

3. What is the Density of Roads ? (1)
(a) Length of the roads per 100 sq. Km of area
(b) Length of roads in a village
(c) Length of roads per 1000 sq. Km of of an area
(d) Lenth of roads in a state
4. Which of the following country has one party system ? (1)
(a) India (b) Pakistan
(c) Srilanka (d) China
5. What is the aim of BAMCEF ? (1)
(a) Social Justice for Government Employee
(b) Social Equality for Women Employee
(c) Campaign Against Caste Discrimination
(d) Social Justice and Social Equality for Entire Society
6. How much part of the globe is not still under democratic government ? (1)
(a) About 1/6 (b) About 1/5
(c) About 1/4 (d) About 1/3
7. Which one is an example of Trade Barrier ? (1)
(a) Tax on Imports (b) Tax on Exports
(c) Liberalisation of Imports (d) None of these
8. When was Consumer Protection Act (COPRA) enacted ? (1)
(a) 1985 (b) 1986
(c) 1987 (d) 1980
9. Which of the following is not a terms of credit ? (1)
(a) Interest Rate (b) Colleteral
(c) Mode of Repayment (d) None of these
10. What steps did the French revolutionaries take to create a sense of collective identity among the French people ? (3)

OR

Why was Tonkin Free School started in Vietnam ? Explain any three reasons.

11. Why did Indian oppose the Rowlatt Act ? (3)
12. Explain any three steps to be taken to conserve energy resources. (3)
13. Why do you think that solar energy has a bright future in India ? (3)
14. Why are major steel plants located around Chotanapur Plateau Region ? (3)
15. What are the difference between Sectional Interest groups and Public Interest groups ? (3)
16. What are the various challenge faced by Political Parties ? (3)
17. How does democracy produce an accountable, responsive and legitimate government ? (3)
18. How do banks mediate between those who have surplus money and those who need money ? (3)
19. How would flexibility in labour laws help companies ? (3)
20. What factors gave birth to the consumer movement in India ? (3)
21. On 6 January 1921, the police in United Provinces fired at peasants near Rae Bareli. Jawaharlal Nehru wanted to go to the place of firing, but stoped by the police. Agitated and angry, Nehru addressed the peasants who gathered around him. This is how he later describe the meeting :
“They be have as brave men, clam and unruffled in the face of danger. I do not know how they felt but I know what my feelings were. For a movement my blood was up, Non-violance was almost forgotton—but for movement only. The thought of great leader, who by my God’s goodness has been sent to lead us to victory, came to me, and I saw the kisan seated and standing near me, less excited, more peaceful than I was — and the movement of weekness passed, I spoke to them, in all humility on non-violance—I needed the lesson more than they and they needed we and peacefully dispersed.”
Read the above extract and answer the questions that follow :
(i) Who was Jawahar Lal Nehru ? (1)
(ii) What is meant by the idea of Satyagrapha ? (2)
22. Who was Giuseppe Mazzini ? Describe the process of Unification of Italy. (1 + 4 = 5)

OR

What were the differences of opinion between the two groups of Vietnam regarding introduction of French education system ?

23. When did Gandhiji start the Civil Disobedience Movement ? Explain any four causes. (1 + 4 = 5)
24. What is NTPC ? And what steps have been taken by NTPC towards environmental protection ? (1 + 4 = 5)

25. Describe various kinds of Roads in India ? (5)
26. Why democracy preferred over dictatorship all over the world ? Give five reasons to justify your answer. (5)
27. What is difference between National Parties and Regional Parties ? Name the two recognised National Parties of India. (3 + 2 = 5)
28. What are Self Help Groups (SHG) ? Describe any four advantages of SHG for the poor. (1 + 4 = 5)
29. Globalisation will continue in the future can you imagine what the world would be like Twenty Years from now ? Give reasons of your answer. (5)
30. Five features with serial number 1-5 are marked on the given outline political map of India- Identify these features with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines marked in the map : (5 × 1 = 5)
- (1) The place where the cotton mill workers Satyagrah was held.
- (2) The place where congress session of December 1920 was held.
- (3) Coal mine
- (4) International air port.
- (5) An Oil Field.

OR

Locate and label the following on the given outline political map of India.

- (1) The place where Jalliwala Bagh incident took place.
- (2) The place where Congress Session of 1916 was held.
- (3) A nuclear power plant of Tamilnadu.
- (4) A sea port in West Bengal.
- (5) A station of National Highway (NH-7)

हिन्दी अनुवाद

1. जालवेराइन क्या था? (1)
- (अ) एक शुल्क संघ (ब) एक मजदूर संघ
- (स) एक राजनैतिक संघ (द) एक सामाजिक संघ

अथवा

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